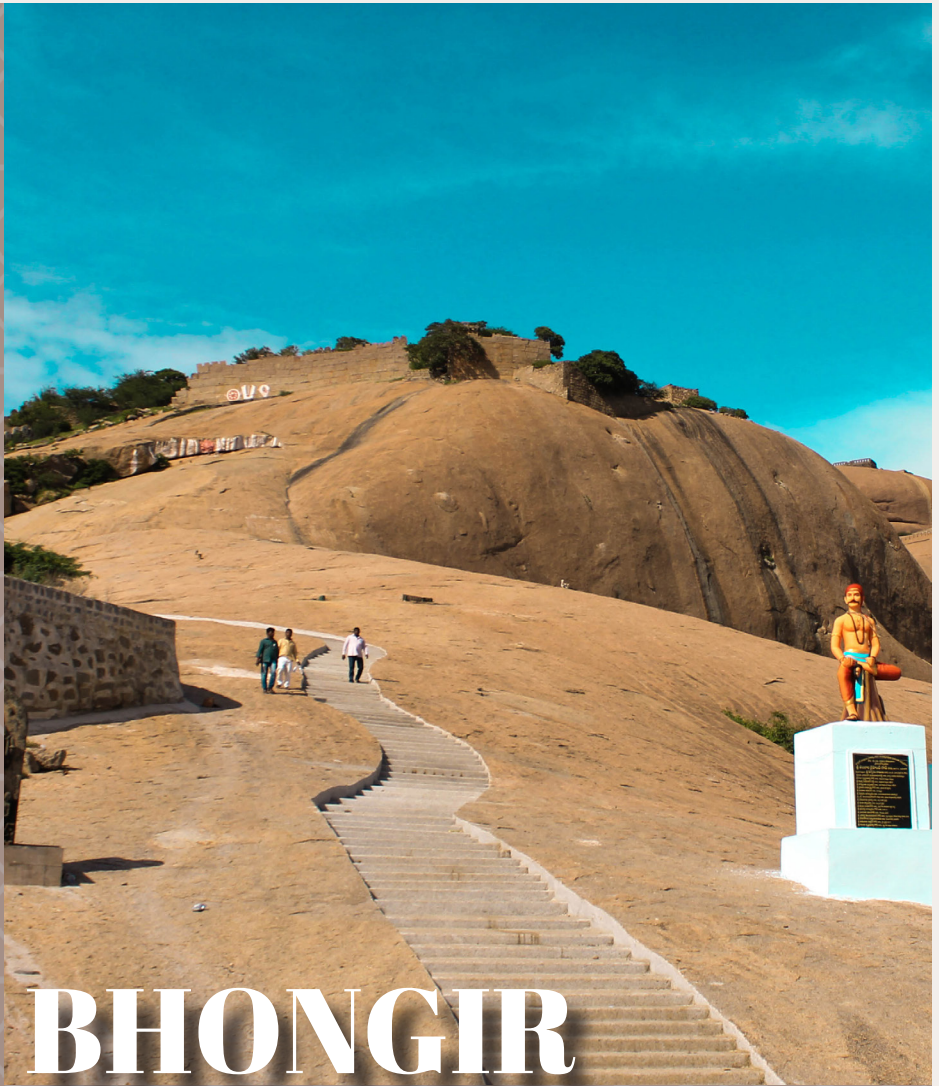




BHONGIR

FORT

YADADRI BHUVANAGIRI

HERITAGE PARTNER SCHEME

Bhongir Fort, also known as Bhuvanagiri Fort, is a striking hilltop fort located in Yadadri Bhuvanagiri District. Built in the 10th century CE by the Western Chalukya ruler Tribhuvanamalla Vikramaditya VI, the fort occupies a dramatic monolithic rock rising about 500 feet above the surrounding plains.





About the fort

The strategic location of the fort made it an important defensive stronghold, controlled by the Kakatiyas, Qutb Shahis and Asaf Jahis.

The fort was strategically positioned to control important routes connecting the eastern Deccan with the Telangana plateau. Its monolithic hill form made it naturally defensible, and the fort quickly emerged as a key military outpost.

The most prominent remains are the massive stone fortification walls, which follow the irregular contours of the monolithic hill. Built using large locally quarried stone blocks, these walls once formed multiple layers of defense and are punctuated by bastions and watch points that offered panoramic views of the surrounding plains.

**A powerful symbol of
Deccan military ingenuity**

The BHONGIR FORT



Architecturally, the fort is a fine example of medieval Deccan military design, adapted to a steep rocky terrain. The plan is oval in shape, following the natural contours of the monolithic hill, making direct assault extremely difficult.

Access to the fort is through a single, narrow, and steep pathway with stone steps, punctuated by gateways, bastions, and defensive walls.

The presence of underground chambers and narrow passages highlights its military character. At higher levels, open platforms and lookout points provide panoramic views of the surrounding landscape.



The fortification system includes massive stone ramparts, semi-circular bastions, watchtowers, and slit openings for archers and firearms, all strategically positioned to control movement and visibility.



The remains of palatial and residential structures are visible in the form of stone foundations, plinths, and fragmentary walls. These structures likely housed commanders, administrative officials, and garrison personnel.



Reimagining a Historic Site: Future possibilities



Bhongir Fort is envisioned as a dynamic heritage and adventure destination that celebrates Telangana’s layered history through conservation, storytelling, and experiential tourism. By integrating guided heritage trails, archaeology-based learning, cultural events, and eco-sensitive visitor amenities, the fort becomes a living landmark—where history, landscape, and community engagement come together in a memorable and sustainable experience.

“The Telangana Adventure”



Heritage & Adventure Tourism:
Develop the fort as a heritage-adventure destination, combining guided historical tours with trekking, rock climbing, and nature trails.



Cultural & Community Events:
Host festivals, exhibitions, and open-air performances in the fort's courtyards, highlighting local Telangana culture, including local crafts or cuisine.

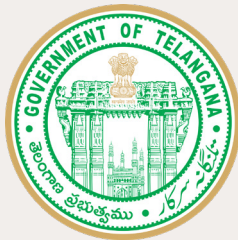


Amenities & Accessibility:
Introduce shaded rest areas, viewing decks, and pathways without disturbing the fort's historic fabric. Ensure controlled visitor access, signage, and safety measures.



A small interpretation centre at the base of the hill and selected key points along the ascent can present Bhuvanagiri Fort's multi-era history. Using models, maps, artefacts, and digital displays, the museum would help visitors understand the fort's evolution.

** Ideas and AI-generated images are for conceptual reference only, Partners are encouraged to share alternate proposals and their vision for the site.*



Scan for
details

The **Heritage Partner Scheme** seeks to form long-term partnerships to transform historic structures into active cultural spaces, and inspire a statewide culture of preservation, ensuring that our heritage sites are safeguarded for the next generations.