



AYURVEDIC

HOSPITAL

NIZAMIA HOSPITAL

HERITAGE PARTNER SCHEME

The Nizamia Hospital Complex represents a significant chapter in Hyderabad's medical and institutional history, reflecting the progressive healthcare vision of the Asaf Jahi Nizams. Established in 1938 under the patronage of Nizam VII, Mir Osman Ali Khan, the complex originally housed the Shifa Khana-e-Osmania, a pioneering institution dedicated to Unani medicine, integrating traditional healing systems with organized hospital infrastructure.



About the Hospital

The focus shall be on the Ayurvedic block, which the complex also includes the Government Nizamia Tibbi College, established to formalize education in Unani medicine and train generations of physicians, making the campus both a curative and academic hub.

In addition, an Ayurvedic Block was developed nearby, reflecting the Nizam's inclusive approach to multiple systems of traditional medicine. Located close to the Charminar, this block once contributed to the healthcare landscape of the Old City, though it now lies in a state of neglect and ruin.



**Institute for traditional
medicine**

The AYURVEDIC BLOCK



The Ayurvedic Block of the Nizamiah Hospital complex was developed to promote traditional Ayurvedic medicine as part of the Nizam's inclusive healthcare vision.

Located near the Charminar, it was designed with simple, climate-responsive institutional architecture, comprising consultation rooms, treatment spaces, small wards, and linear corridors with verandahs for light and ventilation.

The main hospital building is organized around a strong central axis, with a domed entrance vestibule acting as both a ceremonial gateway and a functional distribution space.



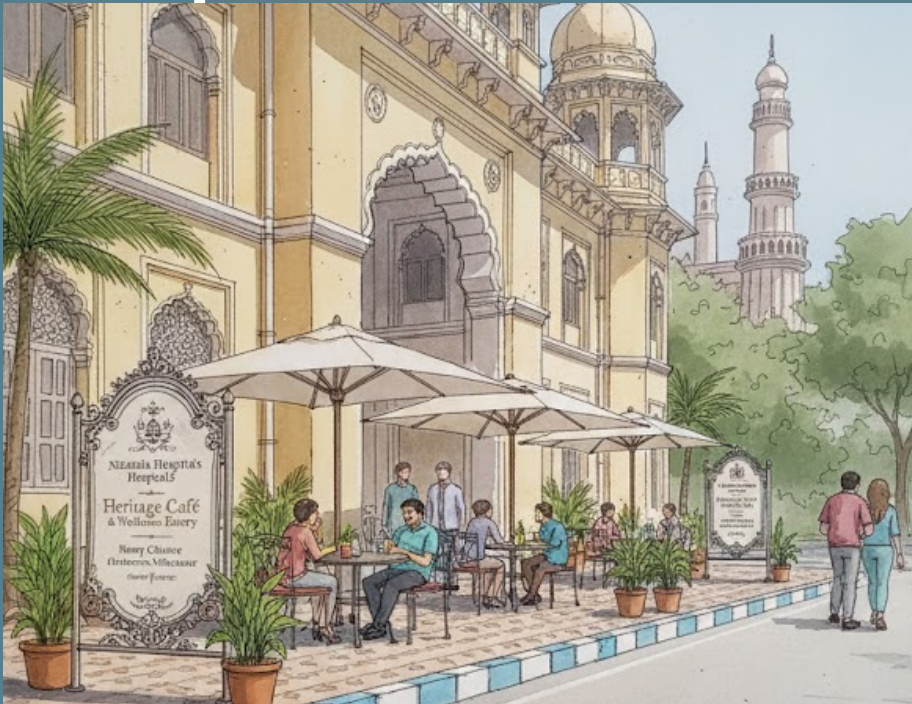
From the vestibule, long, linear corridors extend on either side, flanked by patient wards arranged in a repetitive, symmetrical pattern.



The complex also includes academic and ancillary structures related to the Government Nizamia Tibbi College, featuring classrooms, lecture halls, laboratories, and administrative rooms.



Reimagining a Historic Site: Future possibilities



The adaptive reuse of the Ayurvedic Block in Nizamiah Hospital's may include a café and wellness eatery, offering visitors a unique experience that blends history, architecture, culinary culture, and proximity to Charminar. Positioned as a cultural pause point for tourists and locals, the café celebrates traditional wellness-inspired cuisine while sensitively preserving the architectural character of the historic medical complex.

Celebrating Traditional Cuisine



Heritage Café / Wellness Eatery Position the café as a heritage stop for tourists exploring Charminar, combining food, history, and architectural appreciation in a single experience.



Combine food with heritage interpretation panels, showcasing the history of Nizamia Hospital, Unani medicine, and its architectural features.

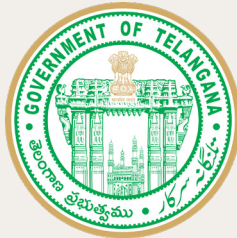


Health & Wellness Hub and workshops: Integrate traditional medicine displays and consultation corners for visitors.



Interpretation Centre: Convert part of the vestibule or corridor areas into a showcasing historic medical instruments, archival photos, and records. Use interactive displays or AR kiosks for an immersive learning experience.

** Ideas and AI-generated images are for conceptual reference only, Partners are encouraged to share alternate proposals and their vision for the site.*



Scan for
details

The **Heritage Partner Scheme** seeks to form long-term partnerships to transform historic structures into active cultural spaces, and inspire a statewide culture of preservation, ensuring that our heritage sites are safeguarded for the next generations.